





- www.spec.org/osg/cpu2000/
- They measure

CS61C | 42 Pc

- System speed (SPECint2000)
- System throughput (SPECint_rate2000)

Example PC Workload Benchmark

PCs: Ziff-Davis Benchmark Suite

- "Business Winstone is a system-level, application-based benchmark that measures a PC's overall performance when running today's top-selling Windows-based 32-bit applications... it doesn't mimic what these packages do; it runs real applications through a series of scripted activities and uses the time a PC takes to complete those activities to produce its performance scores.
- Also tests for CDs, Content-creation, Audio, 3D graphics, battery life

http://www.etestinglabs.com/benchmarks/

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Example Standardized Benchmarks (2/2)

SPEC

- Benchmarks distributed in source code
- Members of consortium select workload
 30+ companies, 40+ universities
- Compiler, machine designers target benchmarks, so try to change every 3 years
- The last benchmark released was SPEC 2000

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- They are still finalizing SPEC 2004

Other PC benchmarking resources Thanks to Robert van Spyk for these leads... • [H]ardIOCP (http://www.hardocp.com/) - "is an online site where hardware-expert-gamers outline new features and run a number of tests (including overclock limits) on cutting-edge hardware (CPU, motherboard, videoboard, modified cases, etc)." • 3DMark and PCMark (http://www.futuremark.com/) -"are commonly used benchmarks to demonstrate the argregate power of a system for common

 3DMark and PCMark (http://www.futuremark.com/) -"are commonly used benchmarks to demonstrate the aggregate power of a system for common applications. 3DMark runs eye-candy pretty demos of games from most genres using the newest technology. PCMark tests operating system, multimedia, and office application performance (neat tests list at www.futuremark.com/products/pcmark04/?tests)."

 SiSoft Sandra (http://www.sisoftware.net/) - "Tons of standard benchmarks and also information tools. Used with the above to generate bragging rights"















Administrivia Administrivia II Last semester's final + solutions HKN evaluations on Friday online (thanks to Chema) · Final survey in lab this week • Great talk today @ 4pm in 306 Soda: • Final exam review Microprocessor Design Tradeoffs' · Sunday, 2004-12-12 @ 2pm in 10 Evans This talk reassesses advances in processor architecture in light of metrics Final exam that recognize power efficiency as the fundamental limiter to performance. We • Tuesday, 2004-12-14 @ 12:30-3:30pm in propose that in the light of these metrics 230 Hearst Gym many of the "advances" have been steps Same rules as Midterm, except you get 2 in the wrong direction, and we propose double-sided handwritten review sheets alternatives that can increase processor (1 from your midterm, 1 new one) performance while simultaneously improving power efficiency + green sheet [Don't bring backpacks] Cal Garcia, Fall 2004 © UCB









Worm Conclusions

- Example vulnerable applications (these have been, at least partially, patched):
- Apache and IIS web servers. Code Red attacked IIS.
- Blaster and its variants attacked Windows RPC (Remote Procedure Call) service, a "default-on" part of the OS.
- To date, most worms have been relatively benign. Most damage comes from flooding the network with scan messages and panic of system administrators. The day will come when a worm will carry a harmful payload:
 - Delete files, Re-flash EPROM, (worse if host controls external devices!)

· What can you do?

- As a user: Patch your machine often. Do it today! (You're not just protecting yourself, but the entire network).
- (Many worm writers don't expose vulnerabilities themselves, but wait for MS to announce a patch, then hope that you will not get around to patching your machine.) Live behind a "firewall" – blocks traffic on most ports. Some people
- find this too limiting.

As a programmer: learn to write secure software.

Peer Instruction Performance is a stinking business; easily corruptible and you'll never hear honest reports from a company if they have a vested interest in the results. ABC Α. FFF 2: FFT 3: FTF Providing the right technology at the right price for people in developing countries is going to be one of the hardest tasks for HCI & Systems researchers in B. 4: FTT of 5: TFF coming years. 6: **TFT** Many in the know believe the threat from malicious Internet worms is about to explode exponentially. 7: TTF 8: TTT CS61C L42 Pe 1 (22) ia. Fall 2004 © UC

"And in conclusion..."

- Benchmarks
 - Attempt to predict performance
 - · Updated every few years
 - Measure everything from simulation of desktop graphics programs to battery life
- Megahertz Myth

• MHz ≠ performance, it's just one factor

- It's non-trivial to try to help people in developing countries with technology
- Viruses have damaging potential the likes of which we can only imagine.

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