

ing a Program aka Compiling, Assembling, Loading, Linking (CALL) II (6)

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Absolute Addresses in MIPS					
Which instructions need relocation editing?					
 J-format: jump, jump and link 					
j/jal xxxxx					
					-
				o variables in static bal pointer	-
					_
	area, r	elative \$gp	to glo \$x	bal pointer]
	area, r	elative \$gp about c	to glo \$x	bal pointer address	-]]

Link Editor/Linker (3/3)

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- Step 1: Take text segment from each .o file and put them together.
- Step 2: Take data segment from each .o file, put them together, and concatenate this onto end of text segments.
- Step 3: Resolve References · Go through Relocation Table and handle each entry

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That is, fill in all absolute addresses

Resolving References (1/2)

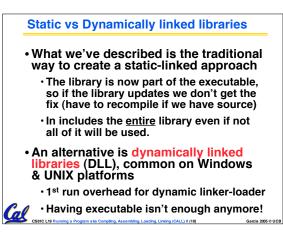
- Linker assumes first word of first text segment is at address 0x00000000.
- Linker knows:
 - · length of each text and data segment
 - · ordering of text and data segments
- Linker calculates:
 - absolute address of each label to be jumped to (internal or external) and each piece of data being referenced
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Resolving References (2/2)

- To resolve references:
 - search for reference (data or label) in all symbol tables
 - if not found, search library files (for example, for printf)
 - once absolute address is determined, fill in the machine code appropriately

The Assembling Loading Linking (CALL) || (9)

 Output of linker: executable file containing text and data (plus header)



Loader (1/3)

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- Input: Executable Code (e.g., a.out for MIPS)
- Output: (program is run)
- Executable files are stored on disk.
- When one is run, loader's job is to load it into memory and start it running.
- In reality, loader is the operating system (OS)

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loading is one of the OS tasks

Loader (2/3)

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- So what does a loader do?
- Reads executable file's header to determine size of text and data segments
- Creates new address space for program large enough to hold text and data segments, along with a stack segment
- Copies instructions and data from executable file into the new address space (this may be anywhere in memory)

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Loader (3/3)

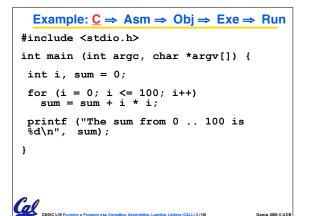
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Cal

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- Copies arguments passed to the program onto the stack
- Initializes machine registers
 - Most registers cleared, but stack pointer assigned address of 1st free stack location
- Jumps to start-up routine that copies program's arguments from stack to registers and sets the PC
 - If main routine returns, start-up routine terminates program with the exit system call

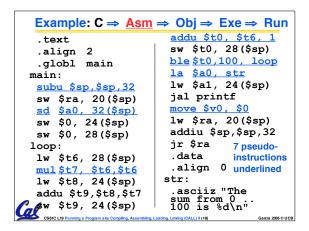
aling, Assembling, Loading, Linking (CALL) II (14)

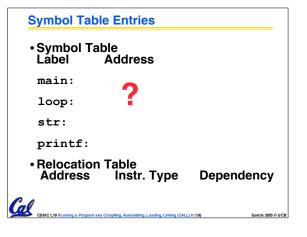


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.text addu \$t0, \$t6, 1 .align 2 sw \$t0, 28(\$sp) .globl main ble \$t0,100, loop main: la \$a0, str subu \$sp,\$sp,32 lw \$a1, 24(\$sp) sw \$t0, 28(\$sp) jal printf sd \$a0, 32(\$sp) move \$v0, \$0 sw \$0, 24(\$sp) lw \$ra, 20(\$sp) sw \$0, 28(\$sp) addiu \$sp,\$sp,32 loop: jr \$ra lw \$t6, 28(\$sp) .align 0 mul \$t7, \$t6,\$t6 .align 0 lw \$t8, 24(\$sp) str: addu \$t9,\$t8,\$t7 .asciiz "The sum from 0	Example: $C \Rightarrow Asm$	\Rightarrow Obj \Rightarrow Exe \Rightarrow Run
() Sw St9, 24(Ssp) 100 is %d\n"	.align 2 .globl main main: subu \$sp,\$sp,32 sw \$ra, 20(\$sp) sd \$a0, 32(\$sp) sw \$0, 24(\$sp) sw \$0, 28(\$sp) loop: lw \$t6, 28(\$sp) mul\$t7, \$t6,\$t6 lw \$t8, 24(\$sp)	<pre>sw \$t0, 28(\$sp) ble\$t0,100, loop la \$a0, str lw \$a1, 24(\$sp) jal printf move \$v0, \$0 lw \$ra, 20(\$sp) addiu \$sp,\$sp,32 jr \$ra Where are .data 7 pseudoalign 0 instructions? str: .asciiz "The</pre>

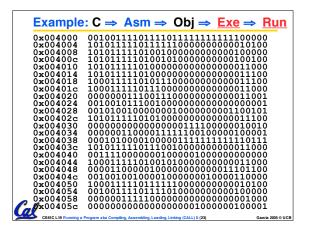




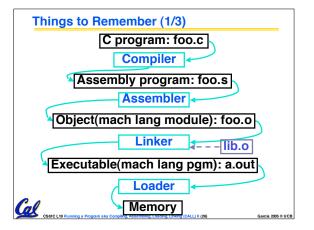
Example: $C \Rightarrow Asm$	⇒ <u>Obj</u> ⇒ Exe ⇒ Run			
•Remove pseudoinstructions, assign addresses				
00 addiu \$29,\$29,-32 04 sw \$31,20(\$29) 08 sw \$4, 32(\$29) 0c sw \$5, 36(\$29) 10 sw \$0, 24(\$29) 14 sw \$0, 28(\$29) 18 lw \$14, 28(\$29) 18 lw \$14, 28(\$29) 1c multu \$14, \$14 20 mflo \$15 24 lw \$24, 24(\$29) 28 addu \$25,\$24,\$15 2c sw \$25, 24(\$29)	30 addiu \$8,\$14, 1 34 sw \$8,28(\$29) 38 slti \$1,\$8, 101 3c bne \$1,\$0, loop 40 lui \$4, l.str 44 ori \$4,\$4,r.str 48 lw \$5,24(\$29) 4c jal printf 50 add \$2,\$0,\$0 54 lw \$31,20(\$29) 58 addiu \$29,\$29,32 5c jr \$31 Gene 200 QUE			

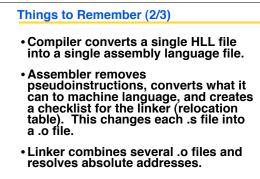
Symbol Table Entries						
• Symbol Table						
• Label	·Label Address					
main:	main: 0x0000000					
loop:	loop: 0x0000018					
str:	str: 0x10000430					
printf: 0x00003b0						
Relocation Information						
Address Instr. Type Dependency						
0x00000	040	lui	l.str			
0x00000)44	ori	r.str			
0x0000004c jal printf						
CS61C L19 Running a Program ak	a Compiling, A	Assembling, Loading, Linking (CALL) I	(21) Garcia 2005 © U	СВ		

<pre>•Edit Addresses: start at 0x0040000 00 addiu \$29,\$29,-32 04 sw \$31,20(\$29) 34 sw \$8,28(\$29) 08 sw \$4, 32(\$29) 38 slti \$1,\$8, 101 0c sw \$5, 36(\$29) 3c bne \$1,\$8, 101 0c sw \$5, 36(\$29) 3c bne \$1,\$8, 101 10 sw \$0, 24(\$29) 40 lui \$4, 4096 14 sw \$0, 28(\$29) 44 ori \$4,\$4,1072 18 lw \$14, 28(\$29) 48 lw \$5,24(\$29) 1c multu \$14, \$14 4c jal 812 20 mflo \$15 50 add \$2,\$0,\$0 24 lw \$24, 24(\$29) 54 lw 8 addu \$25,\$24(\$29) 58 addiu \$29,\$29,32</pre>	Example: $C \Rightarrow Asm$	$\Rightarrow \underline{Obj} \Rightarrow Exe \Rightarrow Run$				
04 sw \$31,20(\$29) 34 sw \$8,28(\$29) 08 sw \$4,32(\$29) 38 slti \$1,\$8,101 0c sw \$5,36(\$29) 3c bne \$1,\$0,-10 10 sw \$0,24(\$29) 40 lui \$4,4096 14 sw \$0,28(\$29) 44 ori \$4,\$4,1072 18 lw \$14,28(\$29) 48 lw \$5,24(\$29) 1c multu \$14,\$14 4c jal 812 20 mflo \$15 50 add \$2,\$0,\$0 24 lw \$24,24(\$29) 54 lw \$31,20(\$29) 28 addu \$25,\$24,\$15 50 add \$20,\$00	•Edit Addresses: start at 0x0040000					
5c jr \$31	04 sw \$31,20(\$29) 08 sw \$4, 32(\$29) 0c sw \$5, 36(\$29) 10 sw \$0, 24(\$29) 14 sw \$0, 28(\$29) 18 lw \$14, 28(\$29) 1c multu \$14, \$14 20 mflo \$15 24 lw \$24, 24(\$29)	34 sw \$8,28(\$29) 38 slti \$1,\$8,101 3c bne \$1,\$0, -10 40 lui \$4, 4096 44 ori \$4,\$4,1072 48 lw \$5,24(\$29) 4c jal 812 50 add \$2,\$0,\$0 54 lw \$31,20(\$29) 58 addiu \$29,\$29,32				



Peer Instruction	
Which of the following instr. may need to be edited during link phase?	ABC 1: FFF
	2: FFT
Loop: lui \$at, 0xABCD }# A	3: FTF 4. FTT
ori $a0,at, 0xFEDC^{2}$	4: FTT 5: TFF
jal add link # B	6: T F T
	7: TTF 8: TTT
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Loader loads executable into memory and begins execution. Garcia 2005 © UCB

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